

STUDENT EDUCATION NUMBER											

Samoa Secondary Leaving Certificate

MUSIC

2023

QUESTION and ANSWER BOOKLET

Time allowed: 3 Hours & 10 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. You have 10 minutes to read **before** you start the exam.
- 2. Write your **Student Education Number (SEN)** in the space provided on the top right-hand corner of this page.
- 3. **Answer ALL QUESTIONS.** Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet.
- 4. If you need more paper to write your answers, ask the Supervisor for extra paper. Write your SEN on all extra sheets used and clearly number the questions. Attach the extra sheets to the appropriate places in this booklet.

	STRANDS	Pages	Time (min)	Weighting
STRAND 1	GENERAL KNOWLEDGE	2 – 6	70	40
STRAND 2	COMPOSITION	7 – 11	70	40
STRAND 3	HISTORY	12 – 15	40	20
	TOTAL		180	100

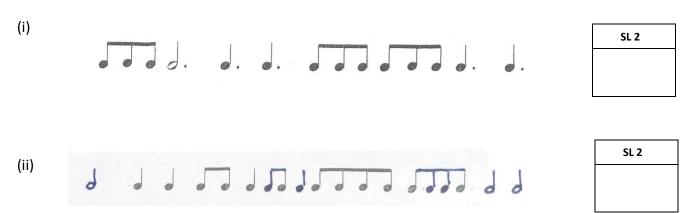
Check that this booklet contains pages 2 - 16 in the correct order and that none of these pages are blank.

HAND THIS BOOKLET TO THE SUPERVISOR AT THE END OF THE EXAMINATION.

		GENERAL KNOWLEDGE	WEIGHTING 4
<u>1</u> :		Performance Direction	
uesti	ons 1 and 2, choose	and write the LETTER of the correct answe	r in the box provided.
Wha	at is the musical wor	d for two melodic ideas played simultaneou	isly?
A.	Counterpoint		SL 1
В.	Glissando		SL1
C.	Capriccio		
D.	Fermata		
Nan	ne the musical term	for the definition 'a point of repose at the en	nd of a phrase.'
A.	Cantata		SL 1
В.	Chorale		511
C.	Cadenza		
C. D.	Cadenza Cadence		
D.	Cadence	DC and define what it means in music.	
D.	Cadence	DC and define what it means in music.	SL 2
D.	Cadence	DC and define what it means in music.	SL 2
D.	Cadence	DC and define what it means in music.	SL 2
D. Wri	Cadence te the long form for	formance to 'gradually getting louder'. Give	
D. Wri	Cadence te the long form for	formance to 'gradually getting louder'. Give	
D. Wri	Cadence te the long form for	formance to 'gradually getting louder'. Give	its opposite and

	d Presto, and explain why.	
		SL 4
<u>t 2</u> :	Note Organization and Rhythm	
Pro	ovide the Time Signatures for the following Rhythm.	
6	d. d. d. d. d.	SL 1
Wr	ite or compose Rhythms for the given Time Signatures on the stave/staff provided.	
	(i) 6/8 – Compose a two-bar rhythm	
6		SL 2
•		L
(ii)	4/4 – Compose a three-bar rhythm	
9:		SL 3

8. Provide the Time Signatures and add the bar lines for the following:



9. Write a complete four-bar rhythm in 3/2 time using the given opening.



10. Rewrite this melody using notes and rests of *half the value*. Remember to put in the new time signature at the place marked *.



Part 3: Keys, Key Signatures, Scales and Chords

- 11. Write **ONE** octave *ascending* from each of the following scales. Do not use a key signature but put in all the necessary **sharp** or **flat** signs. Use semibreves (whole notes) and begin on the tonic.
 - (i) B flat major



(ii) C melodic minor



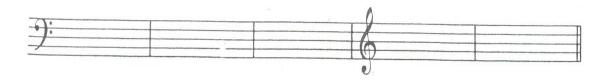
- 12. Write the correct *ascending* and *descending* octave scale for the following keys, provide the **time signatures** and use crotchet notes.
 - (iii) E flat major



(iv) A melodic minor



13. Write the Key Signatures for the given Keys.



(i) E major in the Bass clef

SL 1	

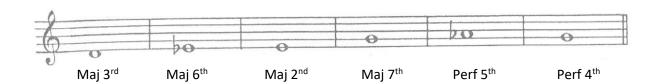
(ii) D^b major in the Treble clef ______

SL	1	

<u>Part 4</u>:

Intervals and Chords

14. Complete the following major intervals above the given notes.



(i) Maj 3rd _____

SL 1

(ii) Maj 6th _____

SL 1

(iii) Maj 2nd _____

SL 1

(iv) Maj 7th _____

SL 1

(v) Perf 5th _____

SL 1

(vi) Perf 4th

SL 1

15. Change each of these intervals from major to minor by changing the top note in the extra bar that follows each one using minims, crotchets, quavers and semiquavers for each (i, ii, iii, iv).

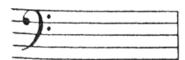
\$ =	8 0		Po		
Maj	3rd	Maj 6th	Maj 2nd	Maj7th	
(i)	Maj 3rd				SL 2
					SL 2
(ii)	Maj 6th				
(iii)	Maj 2nd				SL 2
(111)	iviaj žiiu				
(iv)	Maj 7th				SL 2

Triads are also known as *chords*, *harmony* and *chord progressions*. Use your understanding of triads to answer the questions that follow.

SL 2

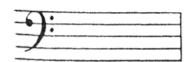
					 SL
State FOLIR type	es of triads an	d evnlain each c	of their qualities	c	
State FOUR type	es of triads, an	d explain each c	of their qualitie	S.	
State FOUR type	es of triads, an	d explain each c	of their qualitie	S.	
State FOUR type	es of triads, an	d explain each c	of their qualitie	S.	
State FOUR type	es of triads, an	d explain each c	of their qualitie	S.	
State FOUR type	es of triads, an	d explain each c	of their qualitie	S.	 SL
State FOUR type	es of triads, an	d explain each c	of their qualitie	S.	SL
State FOUR type	es of triads, an	d explain each c	of their qualitie	S.	SL
State FOUR type	es of triads, an	d explain each c	of their qualitie	S.	SL
State FOUR type	es of triads, an	d explain each c	of their qualitie	S.	SL
State FOUR type	es of triads, an	d explain each o	of their qualitie	S.	SL
State FOUR type	es of triads, an	d explain each o	of their qualitie	S.	SL
State FOUR type	es of triads, an	d explain each o	of their qualitie	S.	SL
State FOUR type	es of triads, an	d explain each o	of their qualitie	S.	SL
State FOUR type	es of triads, an	d explain each o	of their qualitie	S.	SL
State FOUR type	es of triads, an	d explain each o	of their qualitie	S.	SL

- 19. Chords are a combination or symphony of two or three notes. Use your knowledge to write the following chords and write two for each an octave apart.
 - (a) F major 7th



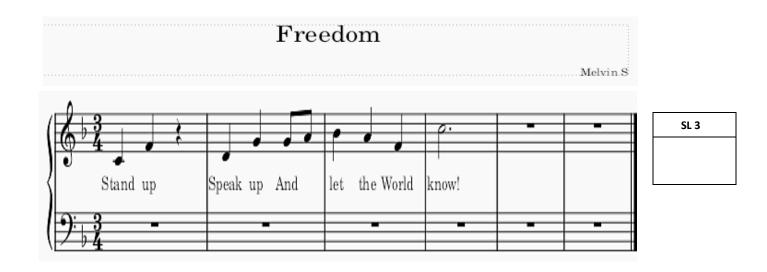


(b) E^b Augmented

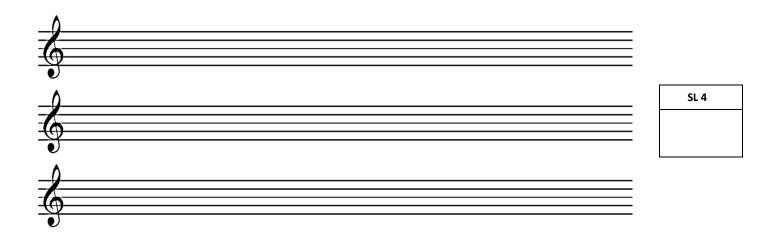




20. Write or compose some accompanying vocals parts alto, tenor and bass to the given music extract.



21. Compose a five- bar melody. Use the time signature 4/4, and must consist of a/ or few rests. Apply at least two or three performance dynamics.

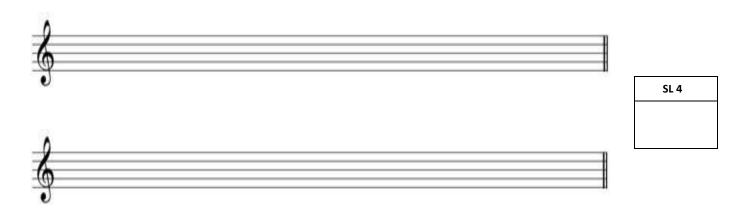


Part 5: Key Transposition

Study the piece of melody given below and use it to make the transposition instructed for Question 22.



22. Transpose to **C major** with all the necessary accidentals and the symbols as written.



Part 6:

Musical Analysis

Study the piece of Music given below.

A Carol to the King

(SATB, piano)











A Carol to the King - 2

22	,,		•			•	
23. V	vnati	s the	given	tempo	of the	music	piecer

SL 1

	s
,	
State the composers and the Lyricists names.	
	s
	_ _
Which two vocal parts sings the first nine (9) bars of the music? Elaborate on how	w you
justify your two vocal parts.	
	SL
After your analysis of the above Music extract, evaluate and explain the <i>form</i> of	the
music, its <i>melody and rhythm</i> , its <i>harmony</i> and the <i>style</i> of composition.	
Form:	
	SI
	

	 		s
	 	 ·	
Harmony:			
Harmony:			
Harmony:			SL:
Harmony:			SL:
Harmony:			SL
Harmony:			SL:
Harmony:			SL:
			SL:
Harmony: Style:			SL:
			SL:
			SL:

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SSLC MUSIC 2023

(For Scorer only)

STRANDS		Weighting	Scores	Check Scorer	AED check
STRAND 1	GENERAL KNOWLEDGE	40			
STRAND 2	COMPOSITION	40			
STRAND 3	HISTORY	20			
TOTAL		100			